

General Description

The Digital Blocks DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller IP Core interfaces a microprocessor via the Avalon Bus to an I2C Bus in Standard-Mode (100 Kbit/s) / Fast-Mode (400 Kbit/s) / Fast-Mode Plus (1 Mbit/s) / Hs-Mode (3.4+ Mb/s) / Ultra Fast-Mode (5 mbit/s).

The I2C is a two-wire bidirectional interface standard (SCL is Clock, SDA is Data) for transfer of bytes of information between two or more compliant I2C devices, typically with a microprocessor behind the master controller and one or more slave devices.

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN is a Master / Slave I2C Controller that in Master Mode controls the Transmit or Receive of data to or from slave I2C devices while in Slave Mode allows an external I2C Master device to control the Transmit or Receive of data.

In an Altera FPGA, typically, the microprocessor is a NIOS II or ARM processor, but can be any FPGA embedded processor. Figure 1 depicts the system view of the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller IP Core embedded within an FPGA integrated circuit device with its Microprocessor Configuration.

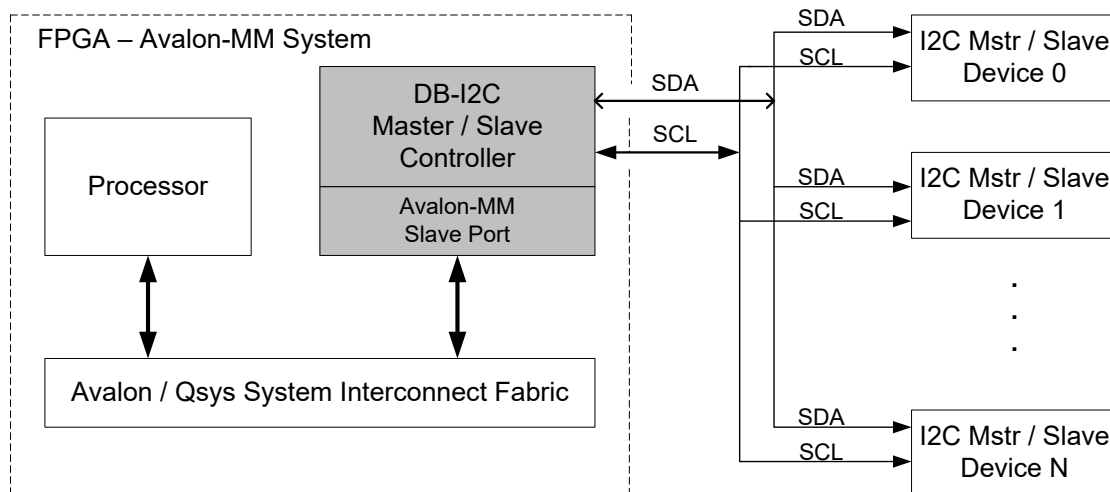


Figure 1: DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller – System Diagram

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller IP Core targets embedded processor applications with higher performance algorithm requirements or I2C transfer requirements to a set of Registers or Memory. While most I2C controllers require high processor interaction involvement, the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN contains a parameterized FIFO and Finite State Machine Control for the processor to off-load the I2C transfer to the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller. Thus, while the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN in Master Mode is busy, independently controlling the I2C Transmit or Receive transaction of data, or in Slave Mode, allowing

the external I2C Master device to control the Transmit or Receive of data, the processor can complete other tasks. All Master & Slave Mode Transmit / Receive transfers are with respect to the internal FIFO, thus fully isolating the processor from the I2C transfer of a block of data.

Features

- Master / Slave I²C Controller Modes:
 - Master – Transmitter
 - Master – Receiver
 - Slave – Transmitter
 - Slave – Receiver
- Supports four I2C bus speeds:
 - Hs-Mode (3.4+ Mb/s)
 - Ultra Fast-Mode (5 Mbit/s)
 - Fast Mode Plus (1 Mbit/s)
 - Fast Mode (400 Kb/s)
 - Standard Mode (100 Kb/s)
- I2C compliant features:
 - Clock Synchronization, Arbitration, SCL held low by Slave, Repeated Start, 7/10-bit addressing, & General Call
- Parameterized FIFO memory for off-loading the I²C transfers from the processor:
 - Targets embedded processors with higher performance algorithm requirements, by the I²C Controller independently controlling the Transmit or Receive of bytes of information buffered to and from a FIFO.
- System-level features & integration capabilities:
 - CPU Interface via parameterized FIFO with support for APB / AHB / AXI / AXI-lite / Avalon SoC Interconnect fabrics
 - Enhanced SCL / SDA spike filtering capabilities
 - Enhanced Repeated Start capabilities
- Optional system-level features & integration capabilities:
 - DMA transfer between the I2C Bus & Memory (SDRAM / SRAM / FLASH)
 - Direct interface to user Registers within ASIC / ASSP / FPGA device, for Master/Slave transfer across the I2C Bus
 - Remote Configuration of a Digital Blocks' I2C Slave by an I2C Master
 - SMBus Support:
 - SMBCLK Clock Low Timeout
 - SMBDAT minimum data hold time
- 13 sources of internal interrupts with masking control
- Compliance with Altera Avalon and I2C specifications:
 - Compliance with Avalon Memory Mapped Interface Specification (MNL-AVABUSREF-2.0 Version 11.0 Dec 10, 2015)

- Philips/NXP – The I2C-Bus Specification, Version 2.1, January 2000 and UM10204 Rev 7 – 1 Oct 2021
- Fully-synchronous, synthesizable Verilog or VHDL RTL core, with rising-edge clocking, no gated clocks, and no internal tri-states, for easy integration into FPGA or ASIC design flows.

Pin Description

In addition to the Avalon Slave Bus interfaces, which include the input CLOCK and RESET signals and the output INTR (interrupt) signal, the I2C interface signals are listed in Table 1.

Name	Type	Description
I2C Bus interface		
SDAI	Input	Serial Data
SDAO	Output	Serial Data
SCLI	Input	Serial Clock Line
SCLO	Output	Serial Clock Line

Table 1: DB-I2C-MS-AVLN – I/O Pin Description

Verification Method

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller IP Core contains a verification test suite with Avalon Bus functional models that program the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN control & status registers, generates & sends I2C data, monitors the I2C bus protocol, and checks expected results.

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN Controller IP Core has been verified as follows:

- Instantiated within an FPGA, controlled by a NIOS II processor, and communicating with (1) merchant semiconductor devices containing an I2C Slave bus interface; and (2) an ASIC containing an I2C Slave bus interface

Customer Evaluation

Digital Blocks offers a variety of methods for prospective customers to evaluate the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN. Please contact Digital Blocks for additional information.

Deliverables

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN is available in synthesizable RTL Verilog or a technology-specific netlist for FPGAs, along with Synopsys Design Constraints, a simulation test bench with expected results, datasheet, and user manual.

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN comes along with example C code software for controlling Transmit and Receive Transactions in the Eclipse-based Nios® II Integrated Development Environment (IDE).

The DB-I2C-MS-AVLN comes along with Altera Qsys / SOPC Builder components, for easy interface to the Avalon Bus, and thus the NIOS II processor.

Implementation Results

Implementation results for the DB-I2C-MS-AVLN IP Core for a variety of Altera FPGA devices are listed in Table 2:

Altera Device	Utilization			Memory Bits	M4K / M9K BLK Memory	I/O	Fmax (MHz)
	LEs	ALUTs	ALMs				
Cyclone II EP2C5-C7	302	-	-	128 ¹	1 ¹ (M4K)	2 ²	160 ³
Cyclone III EP3C5-C6	302	-	-	128 ¹	1 ¹ (M4K)	2 ²	215
Cyclone V 5CGXF-C3	-	-	302	128 ¹	1 ¹ (M4K)	2 ²	225

¹ FIFO parameter set to 16 words x 8 bits. Single M4K memory block can support 512 x 8 FIFO

² I2C signals at FPGA I/O, SCL / SDA. Additional on-chip Avalon Bus signals to processor

³ Input clock from Avalon Bus. SCL clock output programmable divide down to 100 KHz / 400 KHz, according to I2C Bus Standard

Table 2: DB-I2C-MS-AVLN – Altera FPGA Utilization & Performance

Ordering Information

Please contact Digital Blocks for additional technical, pricing, evaluation, and support information.

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